

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
11 December 2003 (11.12.2003)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 03/102443 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: **F16G 11/00**,
F16L 3/233, B65D 63/10, H02G 3/22, A01G 17/12, A01K
11/00, G09F 3/02, 3/04

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(21) International Application Number: PCT/AU03/00665

(22) International Filing Date: 30 May 2003 (30.05.2003)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
PS 2636 30 May 2002 (30.05.2002) AU
2003900461 29 January 2003 (29.01.2003) AU

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(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU,
AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU,
CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD,
SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,
UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM,
KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW),
Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM),
European patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO,
SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,
GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

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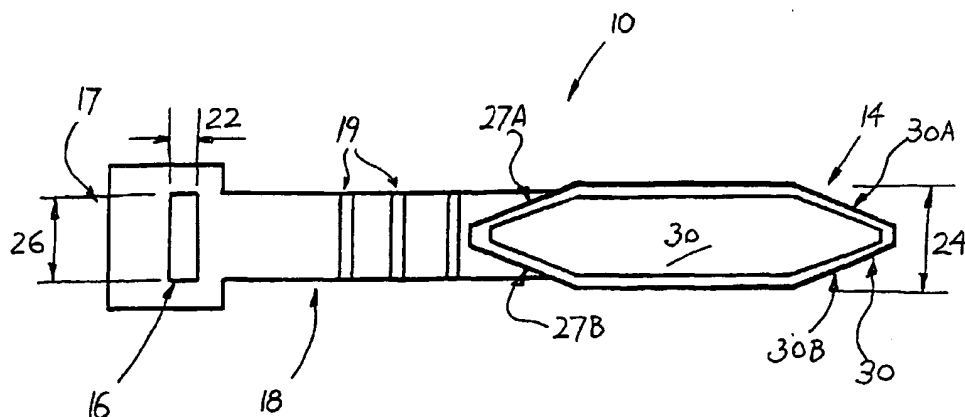
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Published:

— with international search report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guid-
ance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the begin-
ning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: A TYING DEVICE



(57) Abstract: A system is shown for differentiating two or more cables of two or more respective appliances. The system comprises respective means in the form of tag devices for positioning on and labelling each cable, wherein each tag device is provided in a differentiated form from each other tag device. The tag devices can be pre-printed or supplied with suitable indicia for positioning thereon. Such a system for identification can allow a user to more readily identify the appliance to which the cable is connected, or in the case of use of the system for labelling and identifying containers, to identify a container and its contents. This can be useful in situations where a plurality of cables, or containers, are located in close proximity to one another.

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A TYING DEVICE**Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates to a tying device. In
5 one form the invention relates to a cable tying device for
tying to a single cable in a looped manner, or for tying a
number of cables together, and will primarily be described
with reference to this context. The device can also be
used for identification of the cable/s to which it is
10 tied. It is to be understood that the invention has broad
use in securing and tying as well as identification
applications for all manner of mechanical or automotive
apparatus, containers, cables, ropes, hoses, cords and the
like.

15

Background Art

Apparatus for tying a cable is known in the art. In
particular, with electrical type cabling it is known to
use thin plastic cable ties to join cables together or,
20 for example, to secure cables to walls or a framework in a
non-releasable manner. Such devices are used in order to
protect the cable itself from being pulled, broken etc as
well as from representing a trip hazard for workers.

The power cables of loose electrical equipment such
25 as fans, power tools, computers, toasters etc are often
most conveniently stored in a rolled up fashion for
storage or transport by such cable ties, although these
ties are not readily undone when the cabling is needed in
use, and normally cannot be re-used when untied.

30

Summary of the Invention

In a first aspect the present invention provides a
system for differentiating two or more cables of two or

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more respective appliances, the system comprising a respective means for labelling each cable, wherein each means for labelling is provided in a differentiated form from each other means for labelling.

5 An advantage of this aspect of the invention is that the system can allow a user to readily identify the appliance to which the cable is connected, or to identify the cable itself. This is particularly useful in situations where a plurality of appliance cables are
10 located in close proximity to one another, for reasons of safety and to facilitate maintenance.

 When the term 'appliance' is used it can broadly refer to any electrical device, for example computers, audio and video equipment and the like, as well as to
15 mechanical devices such as fixed apparatus (pipes, tanks, handrails etc) or moving mechanical or automotive apparatus, for example.

 When the term 'cable' is used it refers to any type of cable or conduit, such as electrical cables, wires etc,
20 or non-electrical cables such as pipelines and conduits, hydraulic cables etc.

 Preferably each means for labelling comprises a tying device for tying the means to its respective cable.

 Preferably the tying device is used for identifying a
25 cable of an electrical appliance, the tying device being attachable to the cable and having a preprinted appliance name thereon or positionable thereon.

 Preferably the preprinted or positionable appliance name is located on an external surface of an enlarged
30 portion of the tying device.

 Preferably a plurality of the tying devices are supplied as part of a unit and are detachable from the unit for use. Most preferably the unit is a card.

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Preferably the tying device comprises:

- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
- an enlarged portion arranged on the member for
5 insertion through a hole located in the member, the enlarged portion being at least in part of a thickness greater than a narrowest width dimension of the hole.

When the term 'hole' is used in this or any other
10 aspect herein, it refers to any shape or size of perforation, slit or orifice in the member, the periphery of the hole being entirely surrounded by the material of the member.

When the term 'thickness' is used in this or any other
15 aspect herein in relation to the enlarged portion, it refers to a height or depth dimension of that enlarged portion rather than to any transverse width dimension of the portion.

Preferably the enlarged portion is of a transverse
20 width greater than any width dimension of the hole.

Preferably the enlarged portion is located at one end of the elongate member. Preferably the hole is located adjacent to an opposite end of the elongate member.

Preferably the enlarged portion defines a shoulder
25 where it joins the elongate member such that, in use when the enlarged portion has been inserted through the hole, the shoulder is seated at and abuts an edge of the hole to releaseably secure the device at the cable.

Preferably the shoulder is at least partially rounded.
30 In an alternative preferred arrangement, the shoulder is bevelled.

Preferably the width of the hole is equivalent to or greater than the width of the elongate member.

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Preferably a remote end of the enlarged portion is tapered to facilitate insertion thereof into the hole.

Preferably the enlarged portion of the device at least is made of a flexible material. Most preferably the
5 elongate member is a strap.

Preferably the tying device comprises:

- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
- a portion of the member for insertion through a
10 hole located in the member, the portion being at least in part of a thickness greater than a narrowest width dimension of the hole.

Preferably the portion has a thickness which is also greater than the thickness of the remainder of the
15 elongate member.

Preferably indicia is pre-applied to an external surface of the portion which in use can facilitate identification of a cable to which the tying device is releasably secured.

20 Preferably the tying device comprises:

- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable;
- an enlarged portion arranged on the member for insertion through a hole located in the member, the
25 enlarged portion including a raised portion thereon to provide that part of the enlarged portion with a thickness greater than a remainder of the enlarged portion.

Preferably the part of the enlarged portion that is
30 raised has a thickness which is also greater than the elongate member. Preferably the elongate member has the same thickness as the remainder of the enlarged portion.

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Preferably indicia is pre-applied to an external surface of the raised portion which in use can facilitate identification of a cable to which the tying device is releasably secured. The raised portion can also be formed
5 of a different colour material to further enhance and/or differentiate its appearance.

Preferably the tying device comprises:

- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
- 10 - enlarged portions at respective opposing ends of the member, each being enlarged relative to the member for the length of the member, with one enlarged portion being insertable through a hole located in the other enlarged portion.

15 In a second aspect the present invention provides a card comprising a plurality of detachable elongate members, each of the members being frangibly joined to the card for detachment therefrom, an enlarged portion being defined in at least one of the members for insertion in
20 use through a hole located in the member, the enlarged portion being at least in part of a thickness greater than a narrowest width dimension of the hole or a thickness of an adjacent part of the elongate member.

An advantage of this aspect of the invention is that
25 a plurality of elongate members can be formed at once by being e.g. stamped out of a single card. The elongate members need not be identical but can have different shape and size dimensions determined by the stamping tool used.

Preferably the enlarged portion has a transverse width
30 greater than the transverse width of an adjacent portion of the elongate member.

Preferably each member is made of the same material as the card.

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Preferably each member is a tying device as otherwise defined in the first aspect.

Preferably the plurality of detachable elongate members of the card are the respective means for labelling
5 of the first aspect.

In a third aspect the present invention provides a tag device for identifying a cable of an electrical appliance, the tag device being attachable to the cable and having a name of the appliance thereon.

10 An advantage of this aspect of the invention is that, when e.g. wrapped circumferentially about a cable to form a collar, the tag can allow a user to readily identify the appliance to which the cable is connected, or to identify the cable itself. This is particularly useful in
15 situations where a plurality of appliance cables are located in close proximity to one another.

Preferably the tag device of the third aspect is as otherwise defined in the first aspect.

In a fourth aspect the present invention provides a
20 tying device comprising:

- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
- an enlarged portion arranged on the member for insertion through a hole located in the member, the
25 enlarged portion being at least in part of a thickness greater than a narrowest width dimension of the hole.

One advantage of a tying device according to the invention is that, when wrapped circumferentially about a
30 cable to form a collar, the device remains secured to itself, but can also be released so that the device can be re-used many times. The device can be used for tying to or together one or a large number of cables of various

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diameters, for example, by varying the length of the elongate member.

Preferably the tying device of the fourth aspect is as otherwise defined in the first aspect.

5 In a fifth aspect the present invention provides a tying device comprising:

- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
- a portion of the member for insertion through a
10 hole located in the member, the portion being at least in part of a thickness greater than a narrowest width dimension of the hole.

As for the fourth aspect of the invention, when the tying device is wrapped circumferentially about a cable to
15 form a collar, the device remains secured to itself, because of the interaction of the greater thickness portion with the hole.

Preferably the tying device of the fourth aspect is as otherwise defined in the first aspect.

20 In a sixth aspect the present invention provides a tying device comprising:

- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable;
- an enlarged portion arranged on the member for
25 insertion through a hole located in the member, the enlarged portion including a raised portion thereon to provide that part of the enlarged portion with a thickness greater than a remainder of the enlarged portion.

30 An advantage of this aspect of the tying device is that the raised part of the enlarged portion can provide greater visual prominence. The thicker enlarged portion is also inherently stiffer than the remainder of the tying

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device which makes it easier for a user to see any labelling or printing thereon without the enlarged portion bending or curling etc.

Preferably the tying device of the sixth aspect is as
5 otherwise defined in the first aspect.

In a seventh aspect the present invention provides a tying device comprising:

- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
- 10 - enlarged portions at respective opposing ends of the member, each being enlarged relative to the member for the length of the member, with one enlarged portion being insertable through a hole located in the other enlarged portion.

15 An advantage of this aspect of the tying device is that the device is easier grip with a user's fingers and thus easier to handle and to tie in use.

Preferably the tying device of the seventh aspect is as otherwise defined in the first aspect.

20 In an eighth aspect the present invention provides a system for differentiating two or more containers for containing two or more respective items, the system comprising a respective means for labelling each container, wherein each means for labelling is provided in
25 a differentiated form from each other means for labelling.

An advantage of this aspect of the invention is that the system can allow a user to readily identify the container and its contents. This is particularly useful in situations where a plurality of containers are located
30 in close proximity to one another, for reasons of safety and speed of access to the container contents.

When the term 'container' is used it refers broadly to any type of device for containing a substance, such as a

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collapsible or rigid bag, box, gas cylinder, drum etc and is applicable whether or not the container is sealable.

Preferably each means for labelling comprises a tying device for tying the means to its respective container.

5 Preferably the tying device is used for identifying a container, the tying device being attachable to a neck of the container, or a container neck formed by folding of the container, and having a preprinted container name thereon or positionable thereon.

10 Preferably the preprinted or positionable container name is located on an external surface of an enlarged portion of the tying device.

Preferably the container is a plastic bag.

15 Preferably the tying device of the system of the eighth aspect is as otherwise defined in the first aspect.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Notwithstanding any other forms which may fall within the scope of the present invention, preferred forms of the invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 shows a plan view of one embodiment of a tying device in accordance with the invention.

25 Figure 2 shows a side elevation view of the embodiment shown in Figure 1.

Figure 3 shows an end elevation view of the embodiment shown in Figure 1.

30 Figure 4 shows a plan view of one embodiment of a card in accordance with the invention, the card including a plurality of detachable tying devices of the type shown in Figures 1 to 3.

Figure 5 shows a plan view of a further embodiment of a tying device in accordance with the invention.

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Figure 6 shows a side elevation view of the embodiment shown in Figure 5.

Figure 7 shows a perspective view of a further embodiment of a tying device in accordance with the invention.

Figure 8 shows a plan view of the embodiment shown in Figure 7.

Modes for Carrying out the Invention

10 Referring to Figures 1 to 3, a tying device is shown in the form of an identification tag 10. The tag 10 is elongate and in use is wrapped around a cable and is releasably joined to itself to form a collar about the cable. As shown in the drawings the tag 10 has an
15 enlarged portion shaped as a flattened octagon or diamond head 14 located at one end of a strap portion 18 of the tag 10.

In use the diamond head 14 is forcibly inserted through a hole 16 which is located in an enlarged, square-
20 shaped opposing end portion 17 of the strap 18. The diamond head 14 has a thickness dimension 20 that is greater than the narrowest width dimension 22 of the hole 16 so that, after insertion into the hole 16, the thickness of the diamond head 14 causes that head to be
25 retained in the hole 16. In use an end edge of the raised upper exterior surface 30 of the diamond head 14 forms a shoulder 31 which locates in seating abutment with the edges or rim of the hole 16.

In the preferred embodiment shown in Figures 1 to 3,
30 the diamond head 14 also has a transverse width dimension 24 that is greater than the width 22 or the breadth dimension 26 of the rectangular shaped hole 16. Thus when the tag 10 is deployed and secured about a cable and the

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diamond head 14 has been inserted into the hole 16, in this preferred embodiment the shortest length edges of the hole 16 come into abutment with a further shoulder of the diamond head 14 in the form of two bevelled sides 27A, 27B. In further embodiments, the enlarged portion of the tag 10 (diamond head 14 in the preferred embodiment) need not be of a transverse width dimension greater than the width of the strap portion (18 in the preferred embodiment), and the head end of the tag can be simply retained in the hole by the seating abutment of a shoulder of the head (shoulder 31 in the preferred embodiment) with the edges or rim of the smaller sized hole in the tag. For example the head end of such a tag can be of a width equivalent to (or narrower than) the width of the strap portion.

In a further preferred embodiment shown in Figures 7 and 8, a tag 300 is shown featuring a round hole 316 located in end portion 317. In all other respects this tag 300 is similar to the tag shown in Figures 1 to 3, and like parts have been given like numbering for ease of reference. In this preferred embodiment the diamond head 14 does not have a thickness dimension which is greater than the narrowest width dimension of the hole 316, and it is the abutment of the sides 27A and 27B with the rim of the hole 316 which retains the head 14 at the hole 316, rather than shoulder 31.

When either tag 10, 300 is wrapped circumferentially about a cable to form a collar, the tag remains secured to itself, but can also be released so that the device can be re-used many times. To facilitate this, in the preferred embodiment the entire tag 10, 300 is made of a flexible plastic material to facilitate the expansion of the respective hole 16, 316 and/or the compression or folding

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of the diamond head 14 so that the diamond head 14 can pass through the hole 16, 316. In some embodiments only the enlarged head portion of the tag need be made of a flexible material to ensure that this head can be secured
5 into and released from the hole, and vice versa where the material surrounding the hole is made more flexible relative to the tag head.

In a further preferred embodiment of a tag 110 shown in Figures 5 and 6, the enlarged portion or head of the
10 tag 110 is shown in the form of an elongate oval head 114, which in use is forcibly inserted through a hole 116. In this embodiment, the oval head 114 has a thickness dimension 120 that is greater than the narrowest width dimension 122 of the hole 116 so that, after insertion
15 into the hole 116, the thickness of the oval head 114 causes that head to be retained in the hole 116.

In this preferred embodiment, when the tag 110 is deployed and secured about a cable and the oval head 114 has been inserted into the hole 116, the edges of the hole
20 116 come into abutment with a rounded shoulder of the oval head 14 in the form of two rounded edges 127A, 127B. The outermost end 130 of the oval head 114 is roundly tapered to facilitate insertion of the oval head 114 into the hole 116. In the previous preferred embodiments shown in
25 Figures 1 to 3, and in Figures 7 and 8, the outermost end 30 of the diamond head 14 is also tapered with two straight sides 30A and 30B to facilitate insertion of the diamond head 14 into the respective hole 16, 316.

Referring now to the preferred embodiments shown in
30 Figures 1 to 3 and Figures 7 and 8, the diamond head 14 is at least in part of a thickness 20 greater than the thickness of a remainder of the tag 10, 300. The diamond head 14 thickness 20 is greater than the thickness 32 of

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the strap 18 or end portion 17, 317 of the tag 10, 300. Thus, the diamond head 14 is raised so as to have greater visual prominence which assists in identification of the tag when indicia are applied to an upper surface 30 of the diamond head 14. For example, indicia indicating a cable number, a type of electrical appliance, safety information or any other information can be pre-applied by ink printing onto the surface 30 of the diamond head 14 to assist in ease of identification of the cable. In some embodiments, braille can be applied to the enlarged portion of the tag to permit use of the tag by visually impaired persons, and the use of other indented or raised words coloured by a permanent ink is envisaged. In some embodiments the indicia can be applied by a marker pen or other marking device to a blank upper surface 30 once the cable tag 10 is applied. In still further embodiments the indicia can be supplied as a set of pre-made sticky labels which can be affixed to the head of the tag. These sticky labels can be formed on a transparent plastic film or a coloured film, and may be supplied with or without an appliance name printed thereon. In still further embodiments the raised upper surface 30 can even be formed of a different colour material, or glow in the dark material, to further enhance its visual appearance and to differentiate the tag from another tag.

Depending on the chosen length of the strap portion 18 of the tag 10, the tag 10 can provide tying for one or a large number of cables of various diameters, or even a single cable that is looped around itself for storage. The strap portion 18 can have a number of additional features to assist in fastening the head 14 portion at the end portion 17 and to facilitate gripping the tag 10, such

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as jagged etching or protruding ribs 19 located on the strap portion 18.

A plurality of tags 10, 300 of the type shown in the Figures can be formed as part of a single card for ease of manufacture and supply to a user. A preferred embodiment shown in Figure 4. Tags 10, 300 are detached from the card 200 immediately prior to use. Each tag 10, 300 is frangibly joined to the card 200 for detachment therefrom and each tag 10, 300 is made of the same material as the card. The outline of each tag 10, 300 is stamped or pressed into the card 200 during its manufacture. A user can dispense a tag 10, 300 from the card as a need arises by simply breaking the frangible joint 202 between the tags 10, 300 and card 200 and levering each tag 10, 300 away from the body of the card 200. In the preferred embodiment a card rim portion 204 of the card 200 remains once the tags 10, 300 are detached.

In further preferred embodiments of the invention, the tags formed in a card need not be identical but can have different shape and size dimensions determined by the stamping tool used. In still further embodiments the tags can be formed of a different material to the remainder of the card and detachably joined thereto.

Figure 5 shows a preferred embodiment of the invention where the tags 110 have preprinted appliance name on the raised oval head 114. These appliance names can be inked on, embossed (or recessed) into the thicker oval head 114 portion, or stencilled or printed thereonto, or placed by means of a sticky label thereonto. It is envisaged that the tags 10, 110, 300 will be made available as part of a card (for example in the card 200 shown in Figure 4) and will be available in sets suitable for a workshop, a home and an office, for example. For use in a workshop,

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typical appliance names for preprinting, forming or sticking onto tags can include drill, fan, lathe, cutter, welder etc. For use in a home, typical appliance names can include alarm clock, television, kettle, toaster, heater, fan, iron, microwave etc. In an office, typical appliance names can include fax machine, computer, printer, scanner, powerboard, photocopier, data cable, audio-visual cable etc. Other applications are also envisaged (eg, in hospitals and medical centres; in a computer manufacturing operation where individual cables within a computer panel require labelling; in beverage dispensing lines in hotel facilities).

The tags 14 can be arranged on the card 200 with the appliance names arranged in a readable array (ie. oriented in a single direction), which facilitates ease of use without having to constantly turn the card around looking for a particular tag. In other embodiments cards can be manufactured wherein consecutive tags are arranged end to end and thus the appliance names on consecutive tags are reversed.

Such a system for identifying a cable of an electrical appliance by tagging can allow a user to readily identify the appliance to which the cable is connected, or to identify the cable itself, in situations where a plurality of cables may be located in close proximity to one another. In some situations when the wrong cable is about to be unplugged, the invention can provide a check step for a user, which can be important to maintain productivity, reduce frustration and for matters of safety.

In further embodiments within the scope of the invention, the tags can be applied to the identification of portable devices such as ropes, hoses, cords, key tags,

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collapsible containers such as plastic bags, rigid
containers such as gas cylinders or drums, (and applicable
whether or not the container is sealable), vehicles,
automotive machinery etc, or to fixed apparatus such as
5 pipes, tanks, handrails and the like.

The tags can provide a ready way of differentiating
the contents of bags or other containers or pieces of
machinery, spare parts etc. Even if the tags are supplied
without name labelling, they can provide differentiation
10 between goods by their surface colour coding or the colour
coding of a sticky label applied to the tag, and the names
of the goods held in the container or the name of the
appliance to which the cable is attached can subsequently
be applied by a user onto the tag with a marker pen or the
15 like.

In further embodiments of the invention, the enlarged
portion need not be located at one end of an elongate tag
but can be positioned somewhere along the length of the
tag. In still further embodiments the hole need not be
20 located at an end of an elongate tag either, but can be
positioned at any position along the length of the tag.
It should also be observed that there is also no
particular requirement for the tag have as narrow and
elongate proportions as shown in the Figures, and in other
25 embodiments the tag can be broader in transverse width to
more sturdily surround a bundle of cables, for example.

Typically the tag is made of a polymer, flexible
plastic, synthetic or natural rubber and the like so as to
be flexibly moved around a loop or a bundle of cables
30 which still being sufficiently strong so as to be able to
support the weight of the bound cables if the tag is
suspended, for example. One particularly suitable
material is known as Thermolast K, which has a Shore

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Hardness of 60, although similar materials with a Shore Hardness in the range 30-90 would be suitable. Typically the tag is formed by injection moulding.

5 Whilst the invention has been described with reference to preferred embodiment it should be appreciated that the invention can be embodied in many other forms.

10 It is to be understood that, if any prior art information is referred to herein, such reference does not constitute an admission that the information forms a part of the common general knowledge in the art, in Australia or any other country.

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CLAIMS

1. A system for differentiating two or more cables of two or more respective appliances, the system comprising a respective means for labelling each cable, wherein each means for labelling is provided in a differentiated form from each other means for labelling.
2. A system as claimed in claim 1 wherein each means for labelling comprises a tying device for tying the means to its respective cable.
3. A system as claimed in claim 2 wherein the tying device is used for identifying a cable of an electrical appliance, the tying device being attachable to the cable and having a preprinted appliance name thereon or positionable thereon.
4. A system as claimed in claim 3 wherein the preprinted or positionable appliance name is located on an external surface of an enlarged portion of the tying device.
5. A system as claimed in claim 3 or claim 4 wherein a plurality of the tying devices are supplied as part of a unit and are detachable from the unit for use.
6. A system as claimed in claim 5 wherein the unit is a card.
7. A system as claimed in claim 2 wherein the tying device comprises:
 - an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
 - an enlarged portion arranged on the member for insertion through a hole located in the member, the enlarged portion being at least in part of a

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thickness greater than a narrowest width dimension of the hole.

8. A system as claimed in claim 7 wherein the enlarged portion is of a transverse width greater than any width dimension of the hole.
9. A system as claimed in claim 7 or claim 8 wherein the enlarged portion is located at one end of the elongate member.
10. A system as claimed in claim 9 wherein the hole is located adjacent to an opposite end of the elongate member.
11. A system as claimed in any one of claims 7 to 10 wherein the enlarged portion defines a shoulder where it joins the elongate member such that, in use when the enlarged portion has been inserted through the hole, the shoulder is seated at and abuts an edge of the hole to releaseably secure the device at the cable.
12. A system as claimed in claim 11 wherein the shoulder is at least partially rounded.
13. A system as claimed in claim 11 wherein the shoulder is bevelled.
14. A system as claimed in any one of claims 11 to 13 wherein the width of the hole is equivalent to or greater than the width of the elongate member.
15. A system as claimed in any one of claims 7 to 14 wherein a remote end of the enlarged portion is tapered to facilitate insertion thereof into the hole.
16. A system as claimed in any one of claims 7 to 15 wherein the enlarged portion of the device at least is made of a flexible material.

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17. A system as claimed in any one of claims 7 to 16 wherein the elongate member is a strap.
18. A system as claimed in claim 2 wherein the tying device comprises:
- 5 - an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
- a portion of the member for insertion through a hole located in the member, the portion being at least in part of a thickness greater than a
- 10 narrowest width dimension of the hole.
19. A system as claimed in claim 18 wherein the portion has a thickness which is also greater than the thickness of the remainder of the elongate member.
20. A system as claimed in claim 18 or claim 19 wherein
- 15 indicia is pre-applied to an external surface of the portion which in use can facilitate identification of a cable to which the tying device is releasably secured.
21. A system as claimed in any one of claims 18 to 20
- 20 wherein the tying device is as otherwise defined in any one of claims 2 to 17.
22. A system as claimed in claim 2 wherein the tying device comprises:
- an elongate member for releasable securement at a
- 25 cable by wrapping around the cable;
- an enlarged portion arranged on the member for insertion through a hole located in the member, the enlarged portion including a raised portion thereon to provide that part of the enlarged portion with a
- 30 thickness greater than a remainder of the enlarged portion.
23. A system as claimed in claim 22 wherein the part of the enlarged portion that is raised has a thickness

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which is also greater than the thickness of the elongate member.

24. A system as claimed in claim 22 or claim 23 wherein the elongate member has the same thickness as the remainder of the enlarged portion.
25. A system as claimed in any one of claims 22 to 24 wherein indicia is pre-applied to an external surface of the raised portion which in use can facilitate identification of a cable to which the tying device is releasably secured.
26. A system as claimed in any one of claims 22 to 25 wherein the device is as otherwise defined in any one of claims 2 to 17.
27. A system as claimed in claim 2 wherein the tying device comprises:
- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
 - enlarged portions at respective opposing ends of the member, each being enlarged relative to the member for the length of the member, with one enlarged portion being insertable through a hole located in the other enlarged portion.
28. A system as claimed in claim 27 wherein the device is as otherwise defined in any one of claims 2 to 17 or claims 23 to 25.
29. A card comprising a plurality of detachable elongate members, each of the members being frangibly joined to the card for detachment therefrom, an enlarged portion being defined in at least one of the members for insertion in use through a hole located in the member, the enlarged portion being at least in part of a thickness greater than a narrowest width

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dimension of the hole or a thickness of an adjacent part of the elongate member.

30. A card as claimed in claim 29 wherein the enlarged portion has a transverse width greater than the transverse width of an adjacent portion of the elongate member.

31. A card as claimed in claim 29 or claim 30 wherein the members are each made of the same material as the card.

32. A card as claimed in any one of claims 29 to 31 wherein each member is a tying device as otherwise defined in any one of claims 2 to 28.

33. A card as claimed in any one of claims 29 to 32 wherein the plurality of detachable elongate members on the card are the means for labelling as defined in the system of any one of claims 1 to 28.

34. A tag device for identifying a cable of an electrical appliance, the tag device being attachable to the cable and having a name of the appliance thereon.

35. A tag device as claimed in claim 34 that is a tying device as otherwise defined in any one of claims 2 to 28.

36. A tying device comprising:

- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
- an enlarged portion arranged on the member for insertion through a hole located in the member, the enlarged portion being at least in part of a thickness greater than a narrowest width dimension of the hole.

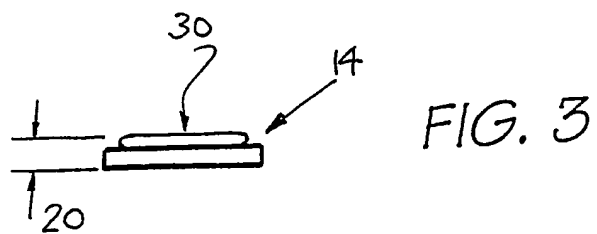
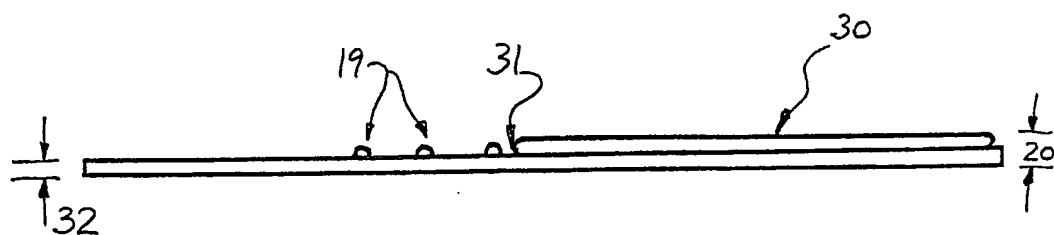
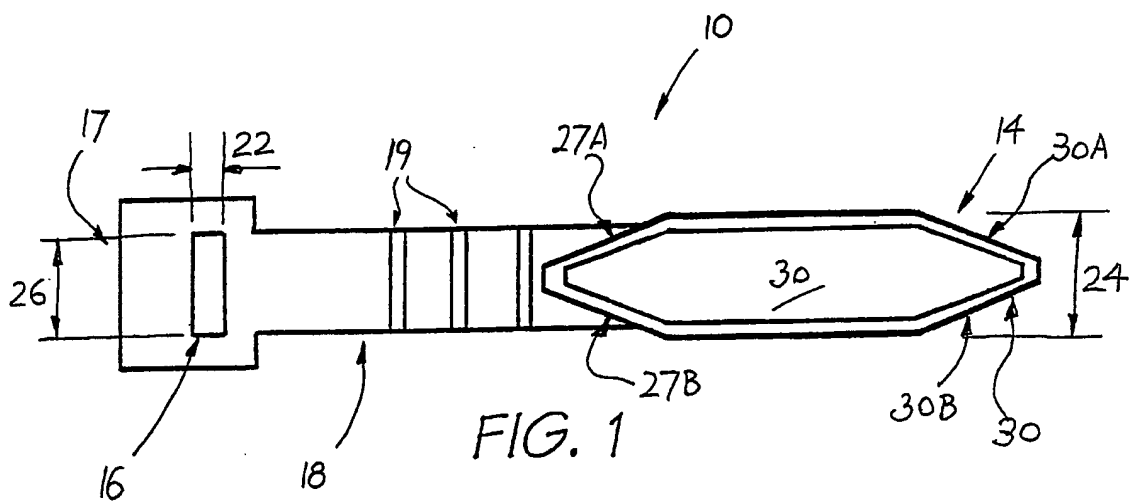
37. A tying device as claimed in claim 36 wherein the tying device is as otherwise defined in any one of claims 8 to 17.

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38. A tying device comprising:
- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
 - a portion of the member for insertion through a hole located in the member, the portion being at least in part of a thickness greater than a narrowest width dimension of the hole.
39. A tying device as claimed in claim 38 wherein the tying device is as otherwise defined in claims 19 or 20.
40. A tying device comprising:
- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable;
 - an enlarged portion arranged on the member for insertion through a hole located in the member, the enlarged portion including a raised portion thereon to provide that part of the enlarged portion with a thickness greater than a remainder of the enlarged portion.
41. A tying device as claimed in claim 40 wherein the tying device is as otherwise defined in any one of claims 23 to 25.
42. A tying device comprising:
- an elongate member for releasable securement at a cable by wrapping around the cable; and
 - enlarged portions at respective opposing ends of the member, each being enlarged relative to the member for the length of the member, with one enlarged portion being insertable through a hole located in the other enlarged portion.
43. A tying device as claimed in claim 42 wherein the tying device is as otherwise defined in any one of claims 8 to 17 or claims 23 to 25.

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44. A system for differentiating two or more containers for containing two or more respective items, the system comprising a respective means for labelling each container, wherein each means for labelling is provided in a differentiated form from each other means for labelling.
45. A system as claimed in claim 44 wherein each means for labelling comprises a tying device for tying the means to its respective container.
46. A system as claimed in claim 45 wherein the tying device is used for identifying a container, the tying device being attachable to a neck of the container, or a container neck formed by folding of the container, and having a preprinted container name thereon or positionable thereon.
47. A system as claimed in claim 46 wherein the preprinted or positionable container name is located on an external surface of an enlarged portion of the tying device.
48. A system as claimed in claim 46 or claim 47 wherein the container is a plastic bag.
49. A system as claimed in any one of claims 44 to 48 wherein the tying device is as otherwise defined in any one of claims 2 to 43.



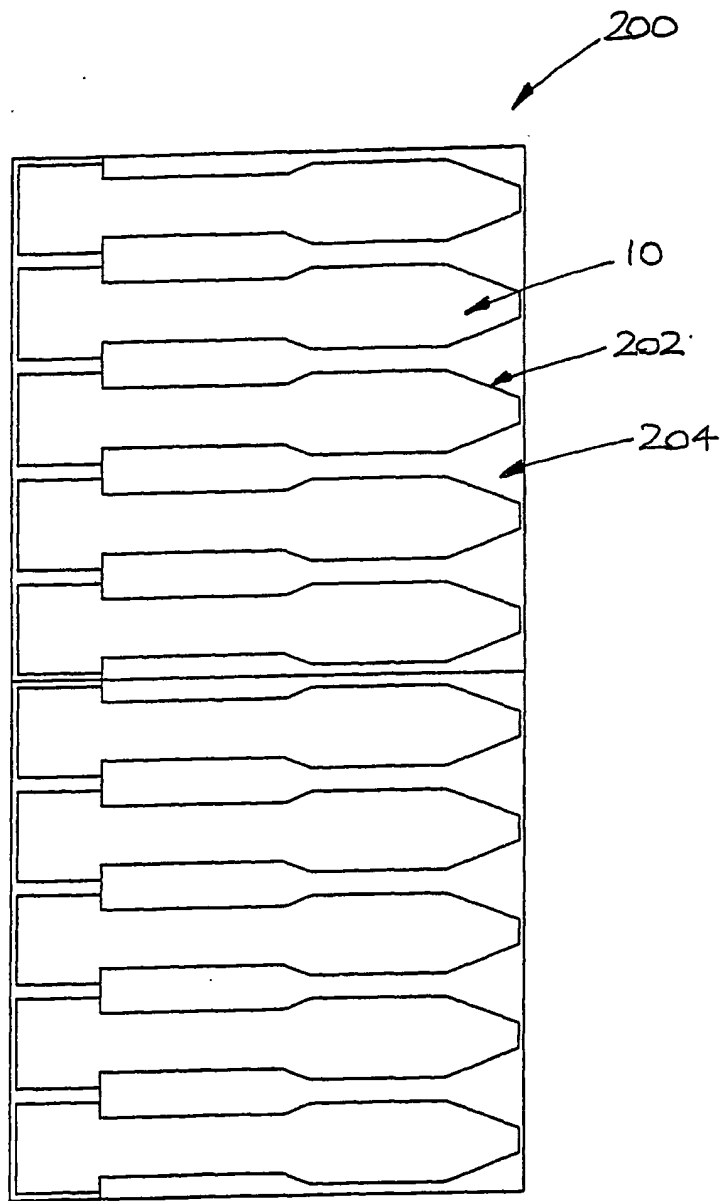
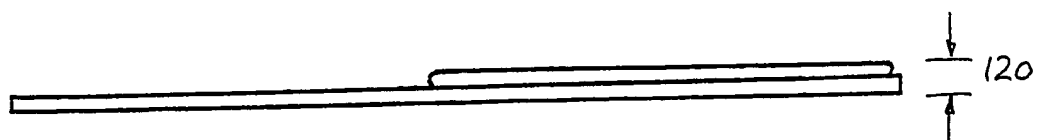
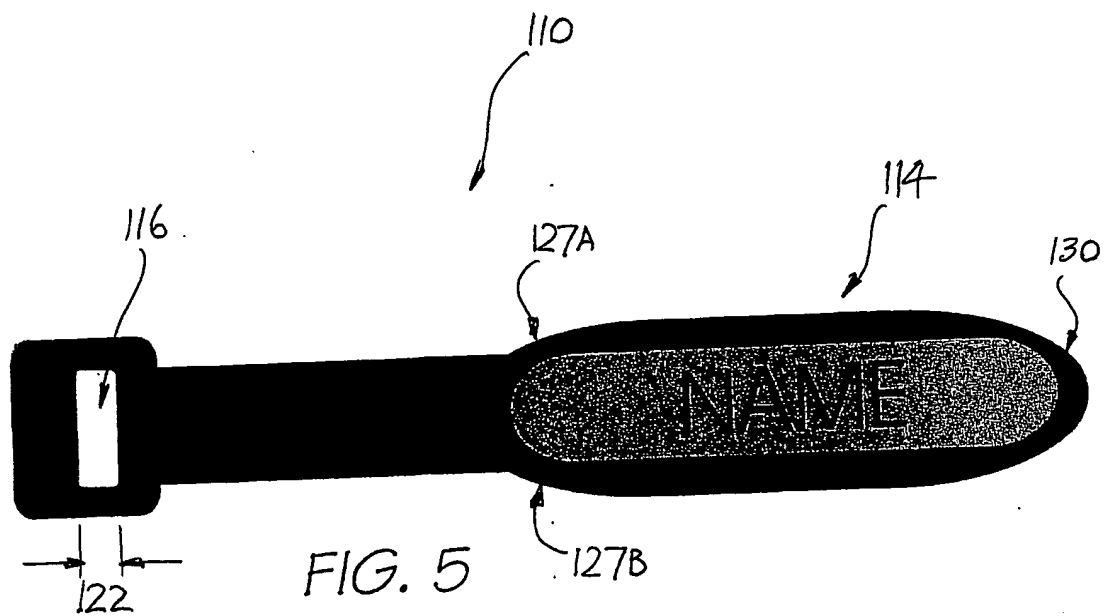
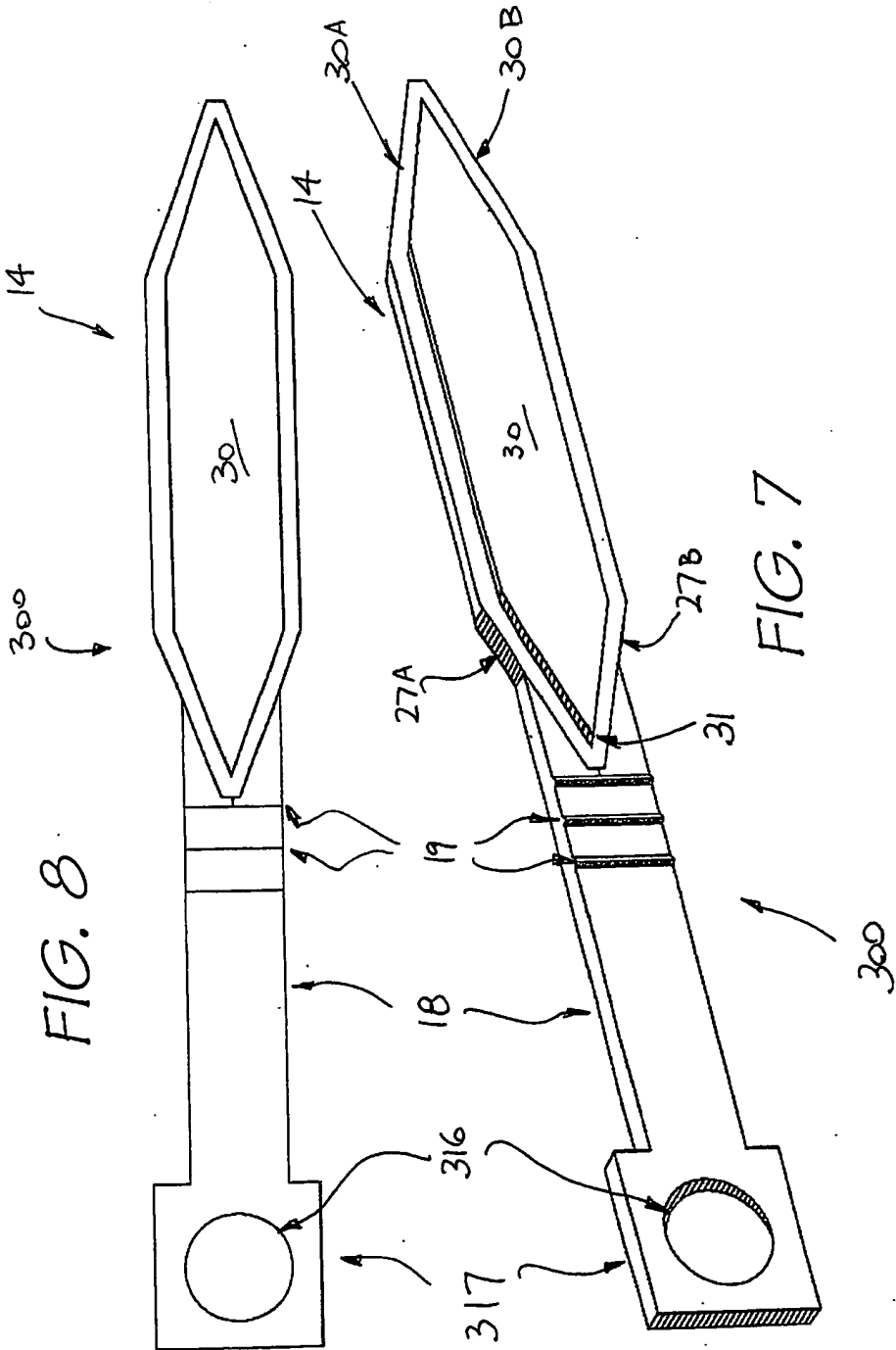


FIG. 4





INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/AU03/00665

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		
Int. Cl. ⁷ : F16G 11/00, F16L 3/233, B65D 63/10, H02G 3/22, A01G 17/12, A01K 11/00, G09F 3/02, 3/04		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED		
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched AU : IPC F16G 11/00, B65D 63/10 (1975 - 2003)		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) DWPI & keywords : cable tie, plant tie, tag, label, tying cable, identification, differentiation, name, release, reuse, reuseable, unfasten.		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	GB 1527263 A (J.F.KENURE LIMITED) 4 October 1978 Whole document	1-21,27,28,34 - 39,42 - 49
Y	Whole document	29 - 33
X	US 4991265 A (CAMPBELL et al) 12 February 1991 Column 4 line 3 to column 5 line 30	1-21,27,28,36 - 39,42 - 49
Y	Whole document	29 - 33
X	AU 35196/68 A (ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS INC.) 25 September 1969 Whole document	36 - 39, 42
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex		
<p>* Special categories of cited documents:</p> <p>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p> <p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art</p> <p>"&" document member of the same patent family</p>		
Date of the actual completion of the international search 18 July 2003		Date of mailing of the international search report 31 JUL 2003
Name and mailing address of the ISA/AU AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRALIA E-mail address: pct@ipaustalia.gov.au Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929		Authorized officer B. NGUYEN Telephone No : (02) 6283 2306

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/AU03/00665

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 3169004 A (RAPATA) 9 February 1965 Whole document	1 - 21, 36 - 39, 42 - 49
Y	Whole document	29 - 33
X	US 3050578 A (HUEBNER et al) 21 August 1962 Whole document	1 - 21, 36 - 39, 42 - 49
Y	Whole document	29 - 33
X	US 6305329 A (LEVY, Jr) 23 October 2001 Whole document	34
P,X	US 6497063 B1 (STEPHENS) 24 December 2002 Whole document	1, 34, 44 - 49
Y	WO 00/34144 A (VELCRO INDUSTRIES B.V.) 15 June 2000 Whole document	29 - 33
A	US 5911368 A (DAVIGNON) 15 June 1999 Whole document	1 - 49
A	US 5193250 A (CAVENEY) 16 March 1993 Whole document	1 - 49

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/AU03/00665

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 2 of first sheet)

This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claims Nos :
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. ☐ Claims Nos :
because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos :
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a)

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of Item 3 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims 1 - 28, 44 - 49: A system for differentiating two or more cables / containers.
2. Claims 29 - 33: A card comprising a plurality of detachable elongate members.
3. Claims 34, 35: A tag device for identifying a cable.
4. Claims 36 - 43: A tying device.

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims
2. ☒ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No.

PCT/AU03/00665

This Annex lists the known "A" publication level patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The Australian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent Document Cited in Search Report			Patent Family Member		
GB	1527263	NONE			
US	4991265	CA 2029816	DE	4036834	GB 2238824
		JP 3200553			
AU	35196/68	NONE			
US	3169004	NONE			
US	3050578	NONE			
WO	00/34144	NONE			
US	6305329	NONE			
US	6497063	NONE			
US	5911368	US 6143215	US 2002049565	AU 40288/97	
		BR 9706773	CA 2237687	CN 1206366	
		EP 861146	HK 1017307	US 5971742	
		WO 9812034	US 6257867	US 6287493	
		AU 200036245	BR 200008931	CA 2362768	
		EP 1161337	JP 2002538028	WO 200053400	
US	5193250	DE 4314185	FR 2690727	GB 2266557	
					END OF ANNEX